

PROJECT MANAGEMENT Advanced

LEARNING LAB

PRESENTED BY

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Your Progression













About Our Program

- Slides, chat log, Certificate of Attendance, replay videos and additional resources will be available in the COURSE AREA by TUESDAY of next week
- You have access to the Course Area for 1 year
- Please be mindful of the legal notice
- Please mute yourself when I'm presenting
- I will pause regularly to check for questions
 - > Open your mic/video or type your questions into chat any time
- I can troubleshoot technical issues with you during breaks





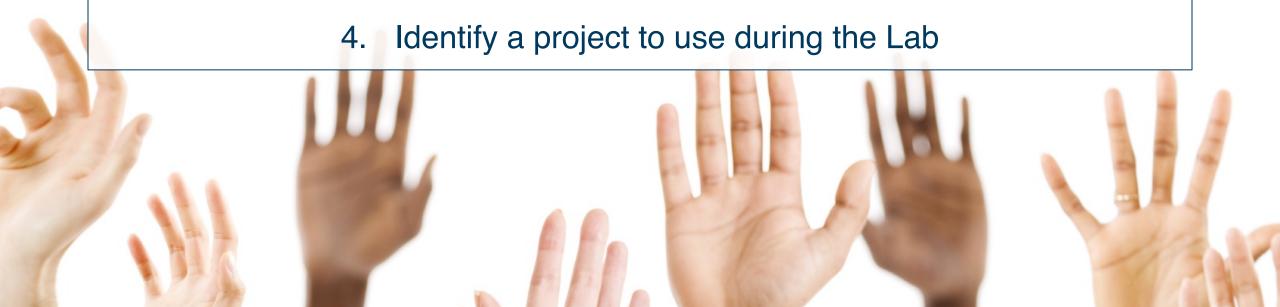


Time	Program Component
10:00 AM to 10:30 AM <i>Eastern</i>	Welcome (30 Minutes)Program logisticsTopic introduction
10:30 AM to 12:00 PM <i>Eastern</i>	Training + Implementation (1.5 hours)
12:00 PM to 12:15 PM <i>Eastern</i>	Short Break (15 Minutes)
12:15 PM to 2:15 PM <i>Eastern</i>	Training + Implementation (2 hours)
2:15 PM to 3:00 PM Eastern	Lunch Break (45 Minutes)
3:00 PM to 5:00 PM <i>Eastern</i>	Training + Implementation (2 hours)
5:00 PM to ?	Wrap Up + Q&A + NetworkingClosing statements and next steps



Pre-Work Poll

- 1. Join LinkedIn Group and Introduce Yourself
 - 2. Complete Pre-work Form (online)
- 3. Complete Project Management Leadership Style Self-Assessment & Reflection





Project Leadership Styles

Dominant

· Results-oriented, directive

Influential

People-oriented, persuasive

Steady

Team-oriented, collaborative

Conscientious

Data-oriented, analytical



Project Leadership Styles

- We all have a natural style and the ability to adapt
- Certain styles work better for certain types of projects (pg. 9)
- You may need to temper your natural style and flex

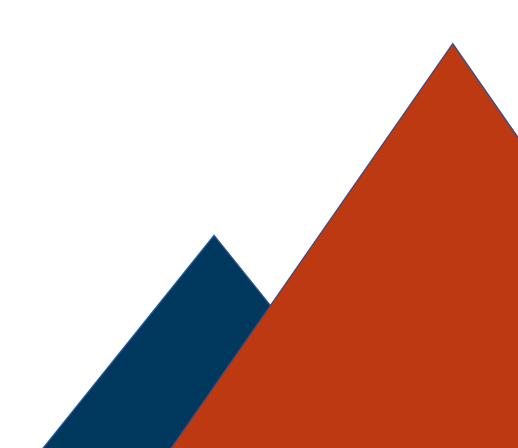
What style do you feel is most needed for your current project?



The Advanced Project Manager...

Oversees more than one project at a time

- 15% = one project
- 59% = 2 to 5 projects
- 11% = 6 to 10 projects





The Advanced Project Manager...

Utilizes proven project management processes and frameworks

- 11.4% of organizational resources are wasted
- Organizations that use proven PM practices waste 28 times less

money



The Advanced Project Manager...

Manages teams of people (formally or informally) that may vary by project

- 30.5% = teams of 5 or fewer
- 39% = teams of 6 to 10
- 30.5% = teams of more than 10



The Advanced Project Manager...

Takes a disciplined approach in managing organizational resources

- 57% = fail to complete projects within established budget
- 71% = fail to complete projects on time



The Advanced Project Manager...

Is a rare and valuable organizational asset

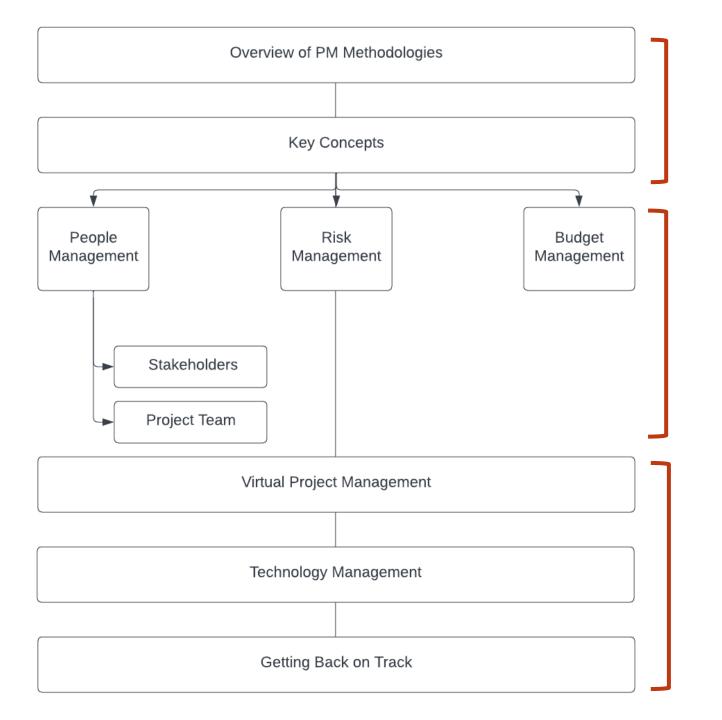
- 46% = project management cultural priority
- Failure to PM into strategies = higher project failure



The Project Manager Mindset

Task Oriented	Project Oriented	
Short-Term	Long-Term	
Completion Focused	Results Focused	
Repetitive	Unique	
Autonomous/Independent	Collaborative	
Following Procedure	Creating Procedure	
Individual Producer	Leader	

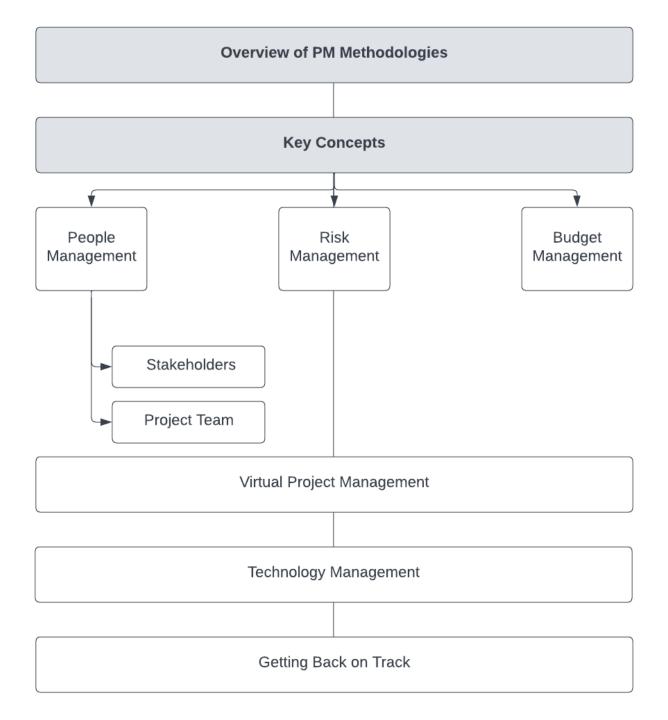
Which comes most naturally for you?



BLOCK 1

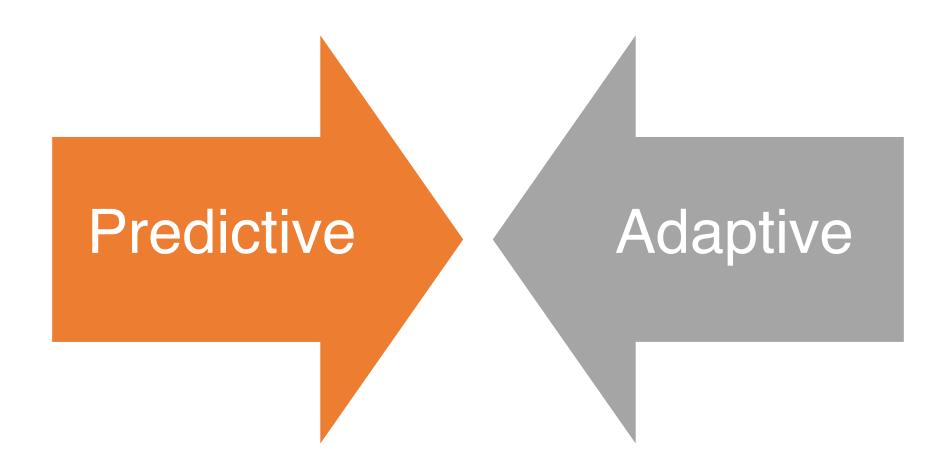
BLOCK 2

BLOCK 3





Overview of PM Methodologies





Predictive Methodology



Best for projects with clearly **defined scope**, **stable conditions** and specific **desired end-results**

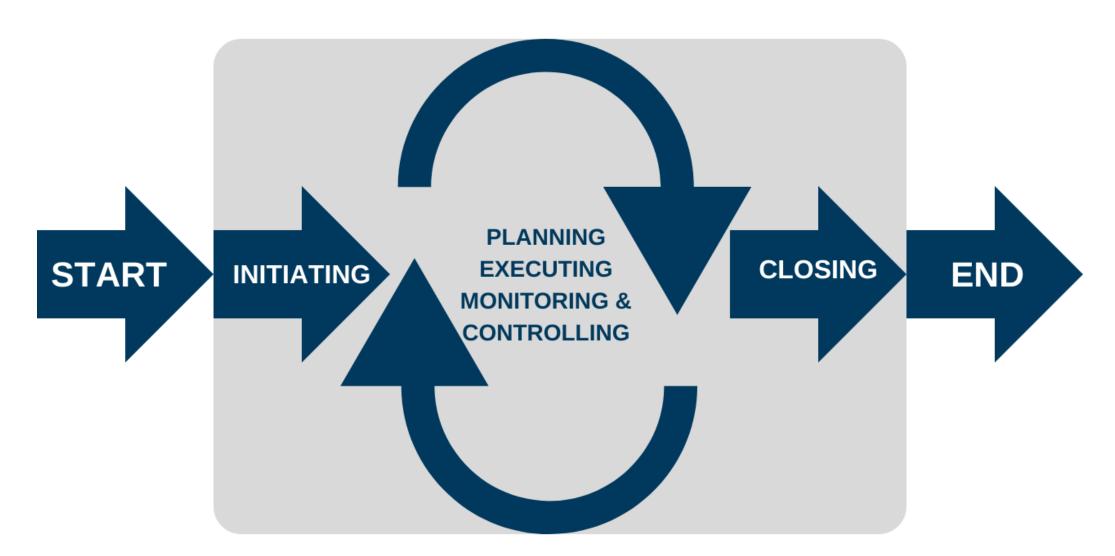


Adaptive Methodology

Agile Manifesto

Values + Principles (p. 17)

Best for projects with an **evolving scope**, **frequently changing conditions**, and **ambiguous end-results**



	Predictive	Adaptive Pages 18
Planning	A plan is created upfront	Planning is ongoing
Primary Focus	Process focus	People and business need focus
Scope	Fixed	Flexible
Time & Costs	Flexible	Fixed
Estimates	Provided up front	Evolve over time
Leadership	Command & control	Self-organization
Collaboration	Meetings	Daily stand-ups*
Teams	Large, coordinated by PM	Small, distributed
Owner Involvement	Limited, mostly at the beginning	Constant and throughout

	Predictive	Adaptive Pages 18
Life Cycle	Single life cycle Product delivered at the end	Iterative life cycle (Sprints*) Product delivered throughout
Common Tools	Milestones* Gannt Charts* Burndown Charts*	Kanban Board* Backlog*
Project Charter*	Created at project kickoff and once approved can't be updated	Living updatable document that serves as a roadmap
Project Plan*	Created at the start of the project; maps all details to completion	Created at the start of each iteration to identify next steps

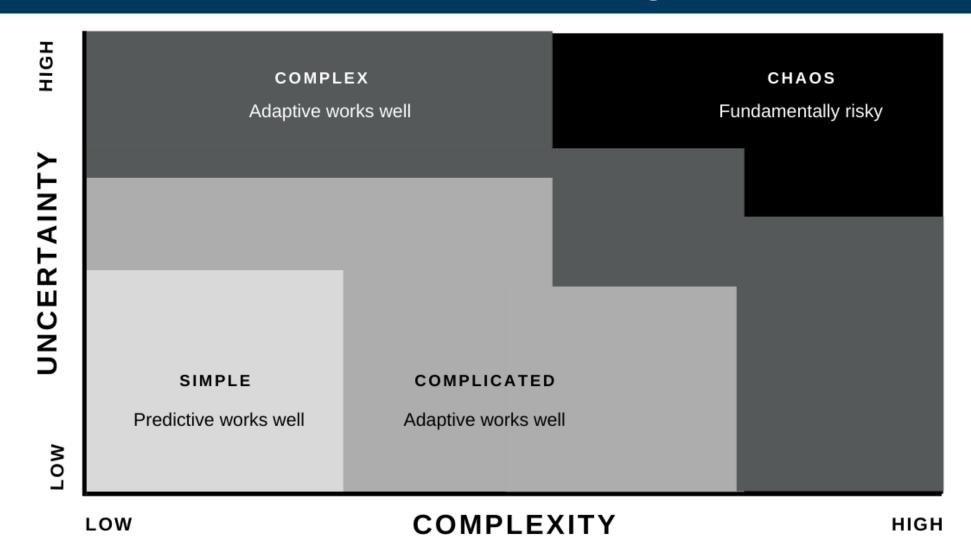
	Predictive	Adaptive Pages 18
Project Work	Project work is linear and predictable	Project work is non-linear and unpredictable
Changes	Identify when project "off track" and get back "on track"	Identify changes in environment and adapt plan accordingly
Documentation	Abundant	Minimal
Improvement	End-of-project lessons learned	Continuous assessment and improvement End-of-sprint retrospectives*



Which to use?

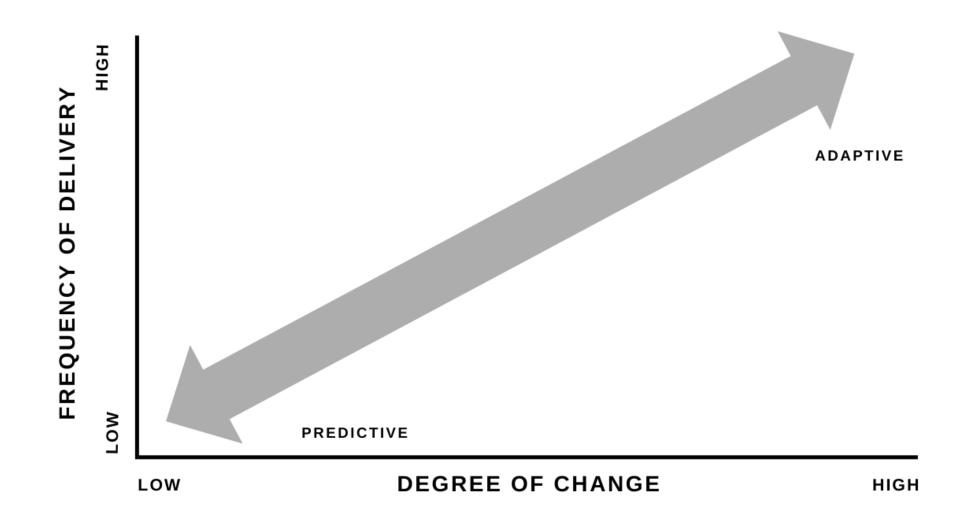


Considerations for Selecting an Approach





Considerations for Selecting an Approach





The Hybrid Approach

Predictive Hybrid Adaptive

53% of organizations employ elements of adaptive methodology...

85% use daily stand-ups

81% use end-of-sprint retrospectives

79% use sprint planning

64% use short iteration cycles

Implementation Activity

Methodology Reflection Exercise

While working, please mute yourself.

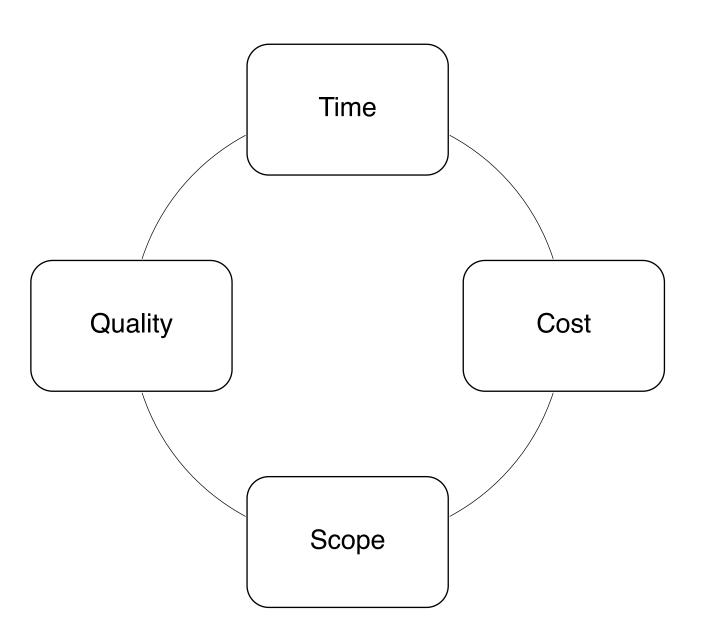
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Key Concepts









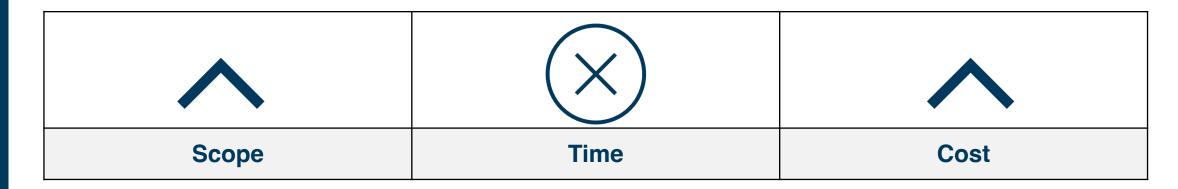
Triple Constraints (PMI standard)

If you want to maintain a consistent quality,
making a change to any one element will
impact the others

Quadruple Constraints

All elements are variable (including quality) and changes to any impact the others

To MAINTAIN the same quality...

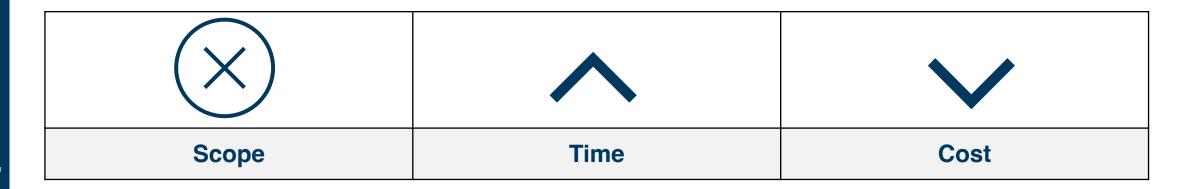


If you increase the SCOPE but don't adjust the TIME, the COST will increase



If you reduce the TIME but don't adjust the SCOPE, the COST will increase

To MAINTAIN the same quality...

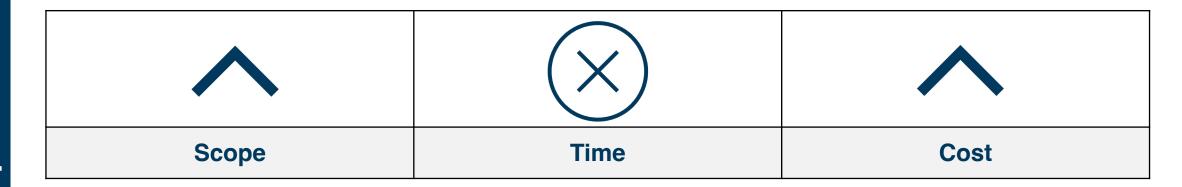


If you reduce the COST but don't reduce the SCOPE, the TIME will increase

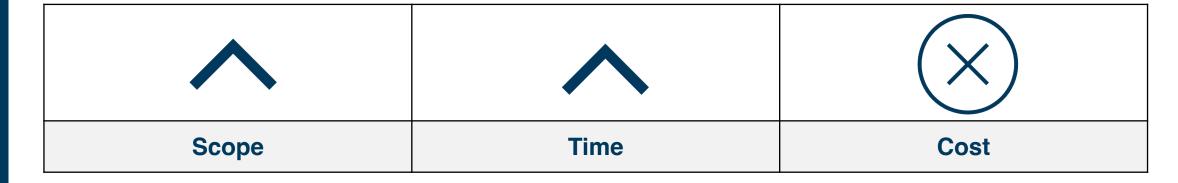


If you reduce COST and/or TIME, you must also reduce SCOPE

To INCREASE quality...

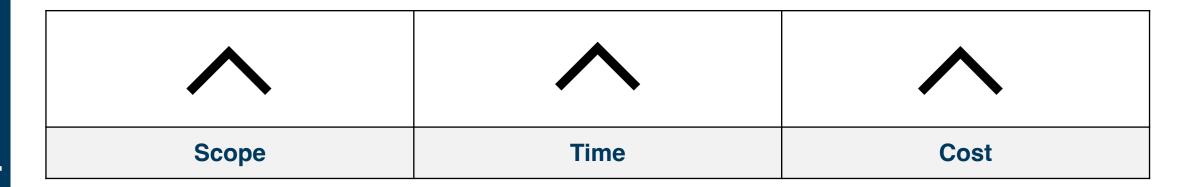


SCOPE and COST must increase



SCOPE and TIME must increase

To increase quality...



SCOPE, TIME, and COST must increase



If ALL decrease, QUALITY must decrease too



The Universal Laws of Nature

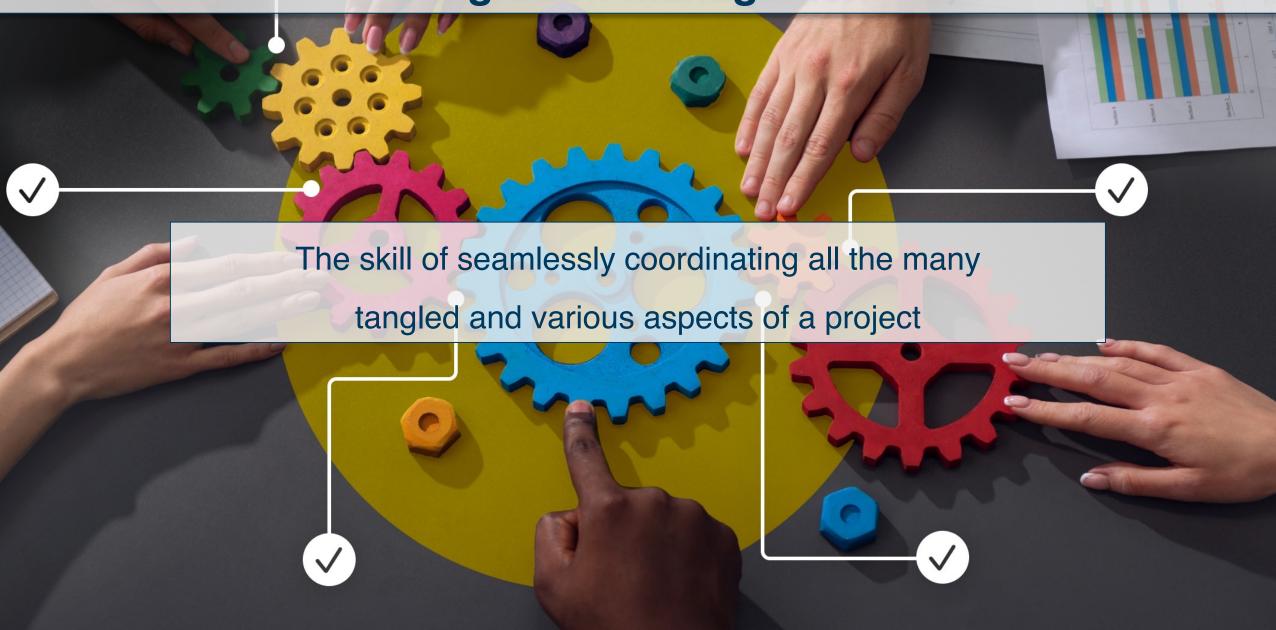




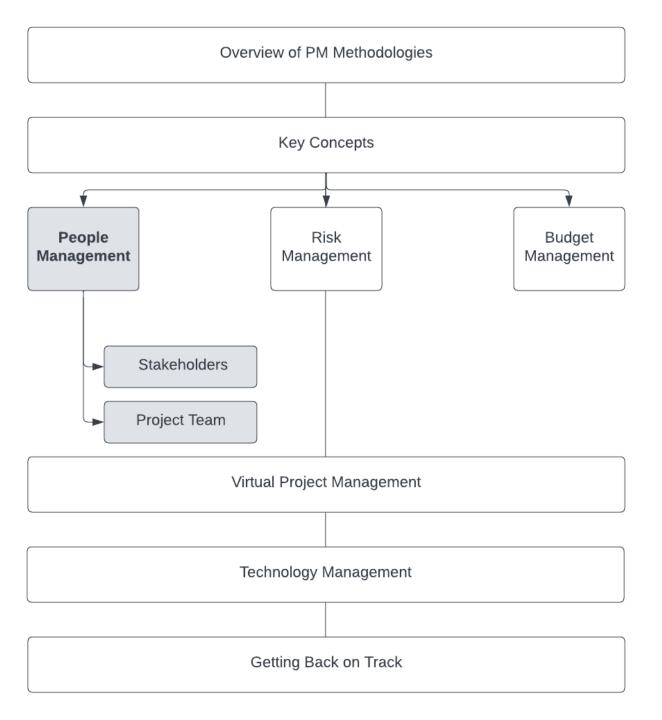
"If you have never recommended canceling a project, you haven't been an effective project manager."

WOODY WILLIAMS

Integration Management







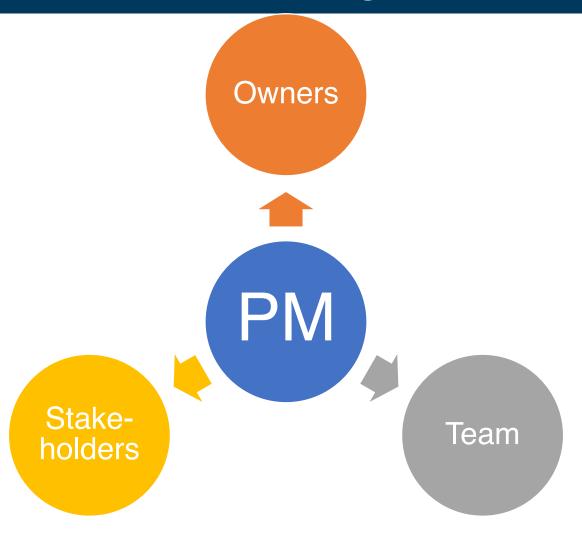


People Management

	Project Owner	The person or group initiating the project with ultimate responsibility for it			
Stakeholders	Project Stakeholders	The person or group impacted by the project (internal and/or external)			
Stakeh	Project Team	The person or group responsible for doing the work on the project			
	Project Manager	The person responsible for planning and coordinating all elements of the project			



People Management



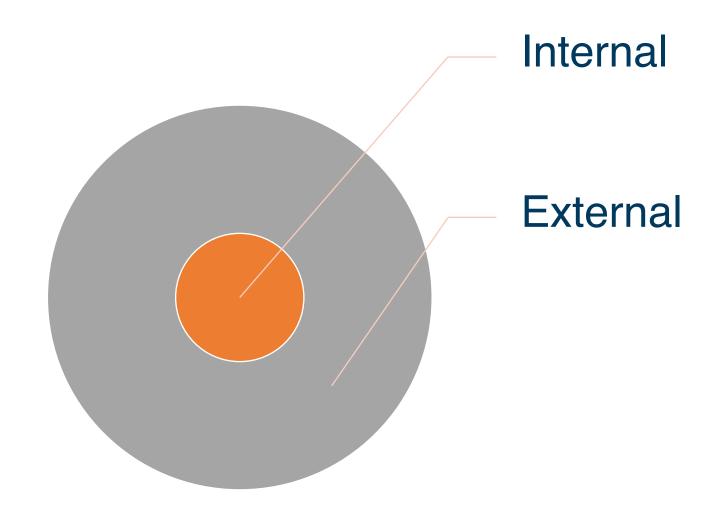


Managing Stakeholders

Identification Analysis Management



Stakeholder Identification





Stakeholder Analysis

Awareness

Interests /
Priorities

Perception

Preferences

Support / Opposition

Resources

Influence



Stakeholder Analysis Worksheet

Stakeholder Analysis Worksheet

Resources

This is also provided as a downloadable worksheet with your course materials.

PROJECT: Establish new hire onboarding program for administrative professionals.

Name / Title	Marcos T. Wallace, VP of Learning & Development			Name / Title
Awareness	High			Awareness
Interests/Priorities	High interest in training aspects of the new program. Wants to understand what role his team will play and ensure there is			Interests/Priorities
	minimal overlap with other training offered. Understands the importance of the initiative but sees it as a low-			
Perception	level priority for his team; is pleased to not be managing the project but wants to be involved.			Perception
Preferences	Would like weekly status updates provided via email and a representative from his team involved in all training discussions. His approval is required for all decisions that directly impact			Preferences
	training. Supportive of the initiative as a whole but resistant to adding			Support/Opposition
Support/Opposition	more work for his team; willing to explore a peer training model			
	to reduce burden on his team.			
	Learning Management System: L&D tear Samp	le +	lem	plate
	support for getting new content loaded.			10.01.0

Curriculum Design: L&D team member will provide support for ensuring any new training developed as part of this project

Stakeholder Analysis Worksheet

PROJECT:

Influence

Name / Title	
Awareness	
Interests/Priorities	
Perception	
Preferences	
Support/Opposition	



ENCE			
INFLUI			
	INTEREST		



INFLUENCE	High Influence / Low Interest PARTICIPATION Keep Satisfied Anticipate Needs Check In Regularly	
	INTER	REST



INFLUENCE	High Influence / Low Interest PARTICIPATION Keep Satisfied Anticipate Needs Check In Regularly	High Influence / High Interest PARTNERSHIP Actively Engage Inform Completely Involve Deeply
2	INTE	REST



	High Influence / Low Interest PARTICIPATION	High Influence / High Interest PARTNERSHIP		
	Keep Satisfied	Actively Engage		
	Anticipate Needs	Inform Completely		
CE	Check In Regularly	Involve Deeply		
INFLUENCE		Low Influence / High Interest CONSULTATION		
		Keep Informed		
		Check In Frequently		
		Involve Moderately		
	INTEREST			



	High Influence / Low Interest	High Influence / High Interest		
	PARTICIPATION	PARTNERSHIP		
	Keep Satisfied	Actively Engage		
	Anticipate Needs	Inform Completely		
UENCE	Check In Regularly	Involve Deeply		
FLUE	Low Influence / Low Interest	Low Influence / High Interest		
Z	MANAGEMENT	CONSULTATION		
	<u>Monitor</u>	Keep Informed		
	Essential Information	Check In Frequently		
	Minimal Contact	Involve Moderately		
	INTE	REST		

Page 32

Where would Marcos T.

Wallace, VP of Learning &

Development fall on this grid

and why?



Implementation Activity

Stakeholder Management

Consider the various stakeholders involved in one of your current projects.

Use the Interest/Influence Grid in your workbook or the downloadable template available in your course materials.

While working, please mute yourself.

If you have a question for Chrissy, please use chat.



Managing the Project Team





Bigger = Not Always Better

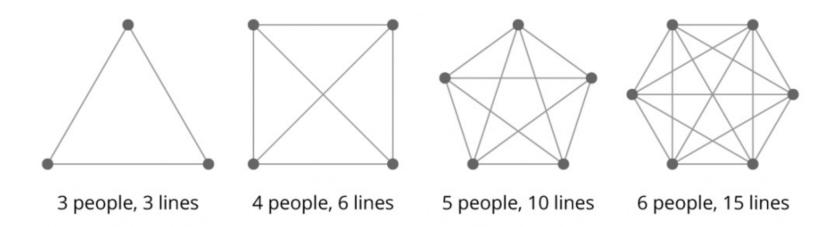




Communication Complexity

Brooks's Law

Communication becomes exponentially more complex and time consuming with each new person added to the team





The Goal



Delegation Strategies

"Leadership is the art of getting someone else to do something you want done because he wants to do it."

DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER





This is the ideal situation! Allocate work, be a resource and help them be successful.



Help them understand the value of the project and the need for their participation.



Expand your timeline (if possible) to allow time for learning.



Adjust your timeline (if possible) to make it work for them.



Communicating Responsibilities





RAM/RACI Matrix

Responsible

People who do the work to complete the task.

Accountable

• People who **delegate**, **review** the work, and **make decisions**. All tasks should have one (and only one) person accountable.

Consult

People who provide input and feedback on the work.

Inform

People who should be informed of progress.

- Sue = Executive Assistant and Project Manager
- Peggy = Executive Assistant
- Jill = HR Coordinator
- Marcos = VP of Learning & Development

Activity	Sue	Peggy	Jill	Marcos
Develop new hire roadmap	R	1	Α	С
Outline new hire mentorship program	Α	R	С	1
Develop new hire training materials (job specific)	R	R	I	А
Develop new hire training materials (HR)	С	С	A/R	С
Hold focus group with admins and gather feedback	А	R	I	I
Add new hire training materials to LMS	R	R	I	Α
Develop new hire communication materials	A/C	R	С	I
Identify pilot new hire group	A/R	С	С	I
Conduct pilot new hire orientation	А	R	R	I
Review feedback from pilot orientation and revise program as needed	А	R	С	С
Develop operating procedures for fully implementing program	A/C	R	С	С

Implementation Activity

RAM/RACI Matrix

Define 3 tasks from your current project. Identify people **responsible** and **accountable**, and people to **consult** and/or **inform**.

While working, please mute yourself.

If you have a question for Chrissy, please use chat.



Variations on RACI

RASCI

Responsible

Accountable

Support

Consult

Inform

CARS

Communicate

Approve

Responsible

Support

DACI

Drivers

Approvers

Contributors

Informed

CLAM

Contribute

Lead

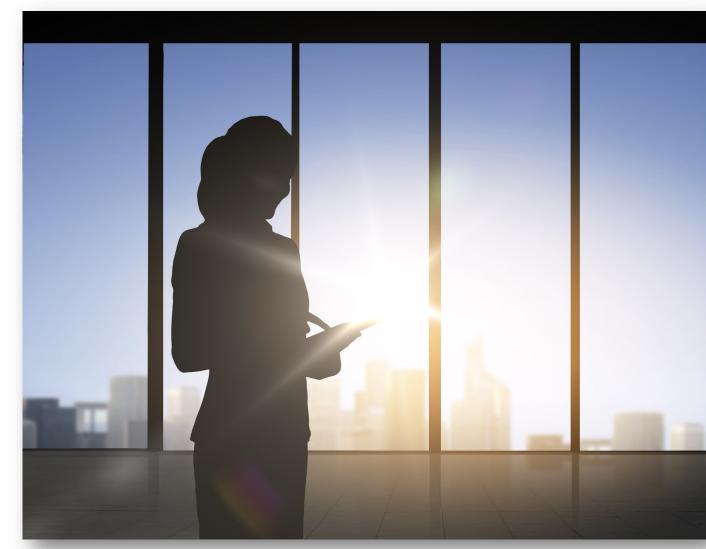
Approve

Monitor

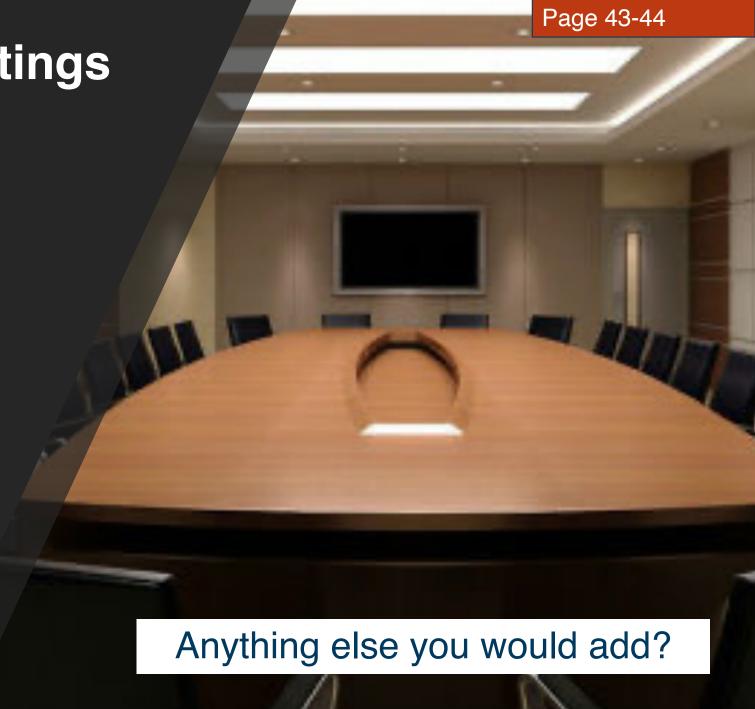


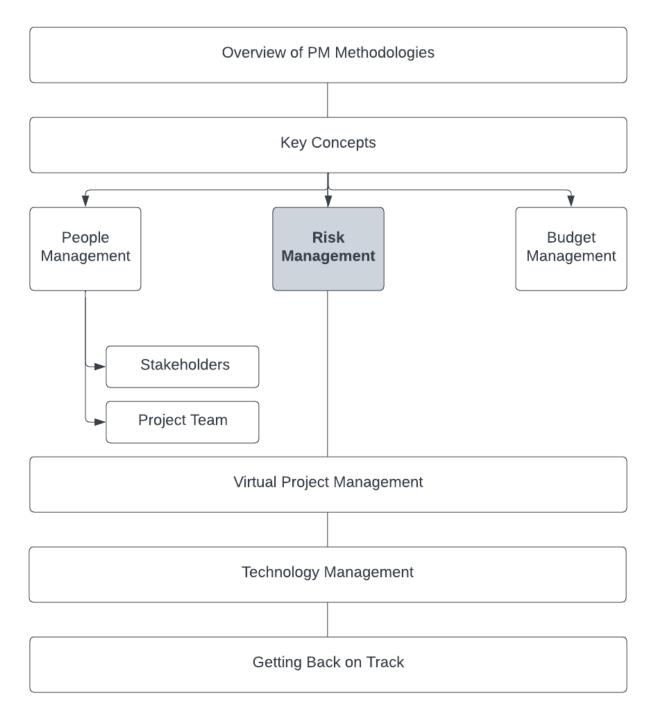
Delegation Best Practices

- Desired outcome
- Constraints, boundaries, expectations
- Responsibility and authority
- Lowest possible organizational level
- Understanding and commitment
- Follow up procedures
- Ongoing support and availability



- Define purpose
- Start/end on time
- Agenda
- Materials for review
- Invite only
- Take notes
- Next steps
- Follow up





Risk Management





Identify Risks

Anything that exposes your project to an unexpected result



Types of Risks

Individual Project Risk

An uncertain event or condition that, if it occurs, has a positive or negative effect on one or more project objectives.

Overall Project Risk

The effect of uncertainty on the project as a whole, resulting in variations in project outcomes, both positive and negative.



Types of Risks

Technology

Communication

Cost

Scope

Operational

Procurement

Performance

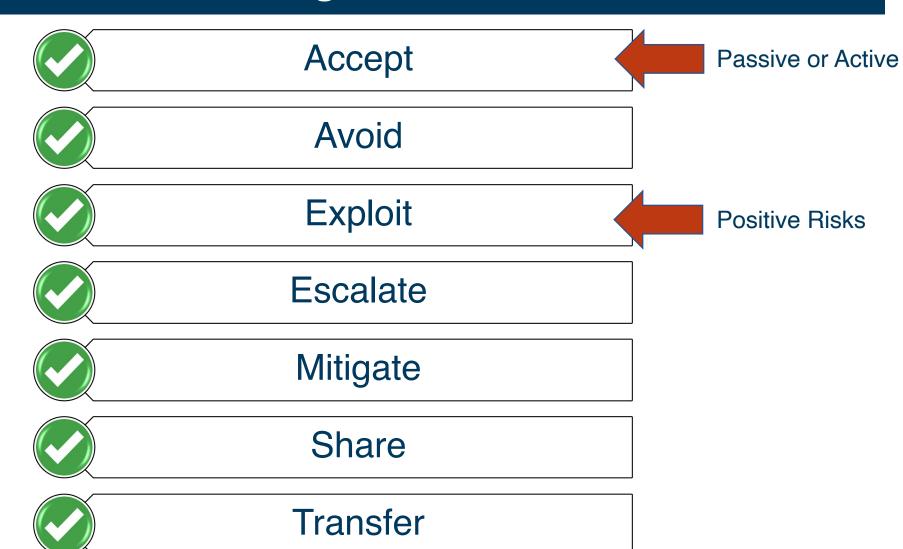


Assess Risk

	CONSEQUENCE							
		Negligible	Minor	Moderate	Major	Catastrophic		
	Almost Certain > 90%	MODERATE	HIGH	EXTREME	EXTREME	EXTREME		
НООР	Likely 50-90%	MODERATE	HIGH	HIGH	EXTREME	EXTREME		
LIKELIHOOD	Possible 10-50%	LOW	MODERATE	HIGH	HIGH	EXTREME		
	Unlikely 3-10%	LOW	MODERATE	MODERATE	HIGH	HIGH		
	Rare < 3%	LOW	LOW	LOW	MODERATE	MODERATE		



Manage Risk



Implementation Activity

Risk Management

Explore the risks associated with a current project.

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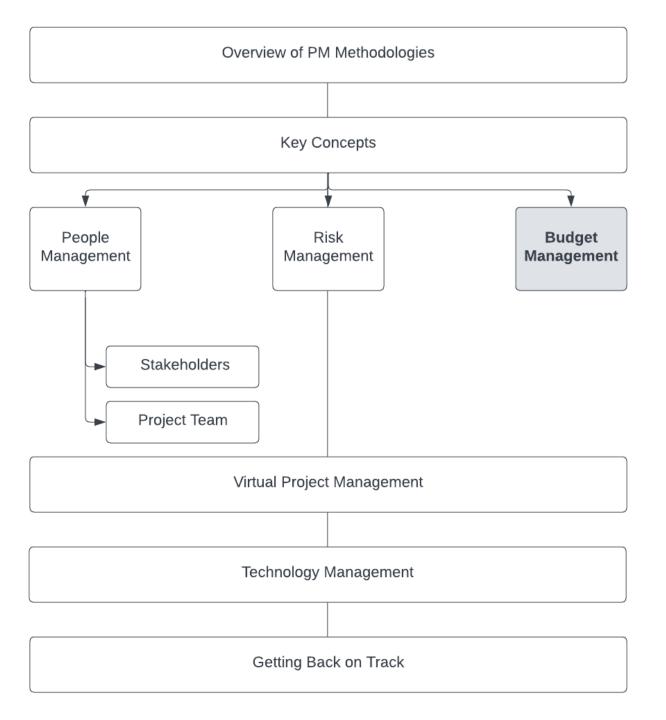
If you have a question for Chrissy, please use chat.



Risk Register

A document that helps capture and organize all the vital information related to risks in one central location

Risk Description	Likelihood	Consequence	Response	Owner	
			Identify back-up suppliers		
Cumply delivery in deleved	Likoby	Major	Create contingency plan to	CC	
Supply delivery is delayed	Likely	Major	move forward with other	CS	
			parts of the project		
			Increase quality inspections		
Machinery breaks down	Possible	Catastrophic	Upgrade all software	TM	
			Have back-ups available		
			Build in schedule reserves		
Covid outbreak delays	Basisle	Maro	Jehrtia tratrain back-up	LR	
schedule	ample	+ Tell	iplate train back-up	_,,	



Budget Management

High budgets are correlated with a greater project failure rate:

Projects with a budget of \$1 million or more fail 50% more often than projects where \$350,000 or less is spent.

WHY DO YOU THINK THIS IS?





Components of Budget Management

Estimating Tracking

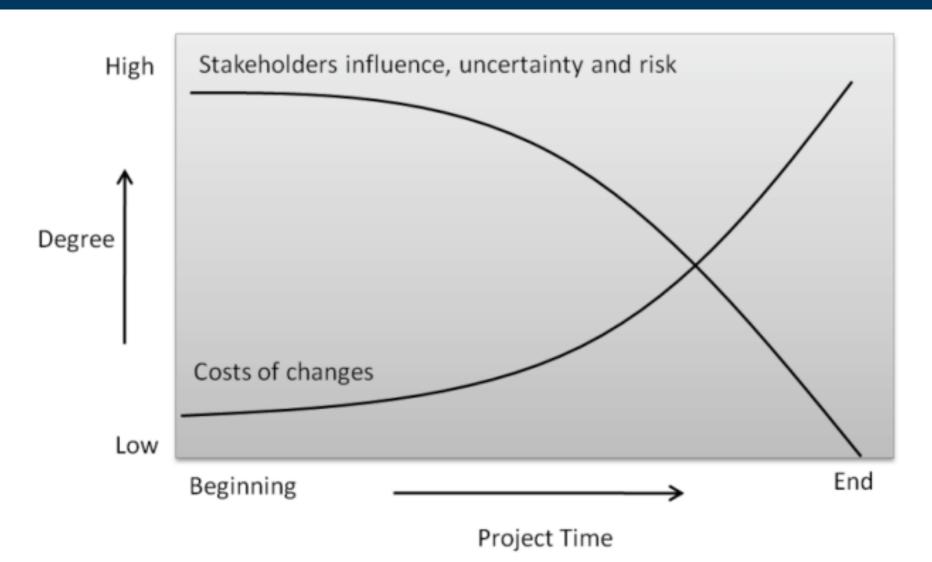
Controlling

Reporting

Previous Course



Cost of Changes



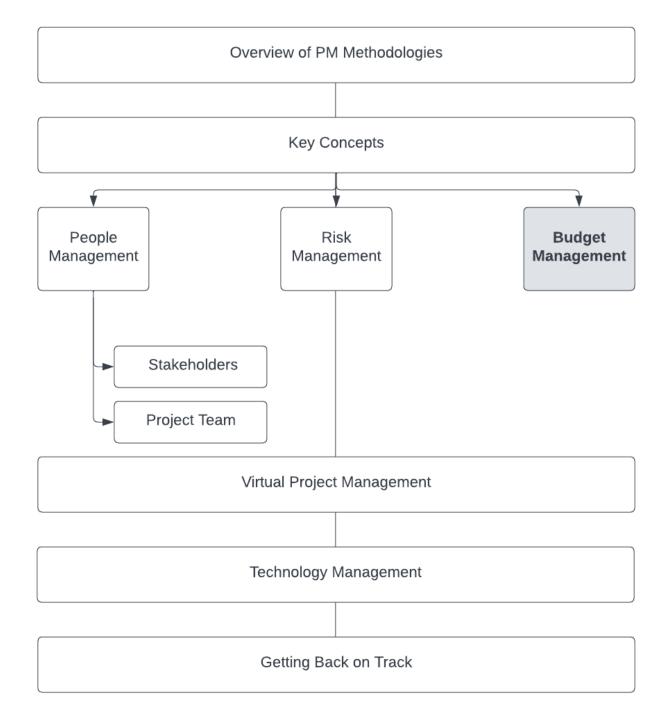


A big part of the job is to tell people what they *need* to hear, not necessarily what they *want* to hear.

They'll thank you for it later.









A technique that helps you measure and monitor work completed against your plan. It can quickly tell you where you stand with both budget and schedule.





Planned Value (PV)

The authorized budget (time or money) assigned to the scheduled work



Earned Value (EV)

The planned value for all the work completed to a point in time without reference to actual cost

% complete * total budget



Actual Cost (AC)

The true cost of all the work completed to a point in time



Cost
Variance
(CV)

The difference between planned costs and actual costs to date

EV - AC

Positive = Under budget Negative = Over budget



Schedule Variance (SV)

The difference between planned progress and actual progress to date

EV - PV

Positive = Ahead of schedule

Negative = Behind schedule



Earned Value

You are 60% done with a project that has a budget of \$100,000

EV = \$60,000





Cost Variance

CV = EV - AC

Project budget = \$100,000

You're 60% done

EV = \$60,000

Actual costs so far = \$70,000

CV = -\$10,000.

Negative number = **over budget**





Schedule Variance

SV = EV - PV

Project estimate is 4 months

You are currently 2 months in

Your project is only 25% complete

EV = 25% * 4 months = 1

PV = 2 months

SV = 1-2 = -1

Negative number = **behind schedule**



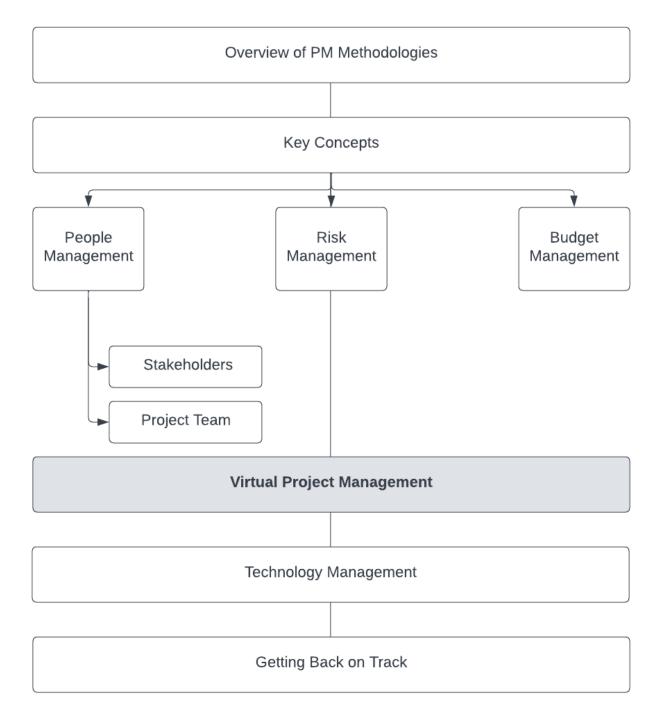


Deeper Analysis

Earned Value Analysis Continued

Name	Name Description		Results
Budget at Completion BAC	The sum of all budgets established for the work performed		
Variance at Completion VAC	A project of the amount of budget surplus or deficit at the completion of the project	BAC – EAC	Positive = under planned cost Negative = over planned cost
Cost Performance Index CPI	A measure of cost efficiency	EV/AC	Exactly 1 = on plan More than 1 = under plan Less than 1 = over plan
Schedule Performance Index SPI	A measure of schedule efficiency	EV/PV	Exactly 1 = on schedule More than 1 = ahead of schedule Less than 1 = behind schedule
Estimate at Completion	The expected total cost of completing all work	BAC/CPI	







Virtual Project Management







IN-PERSON

REMOTE

HYBRID



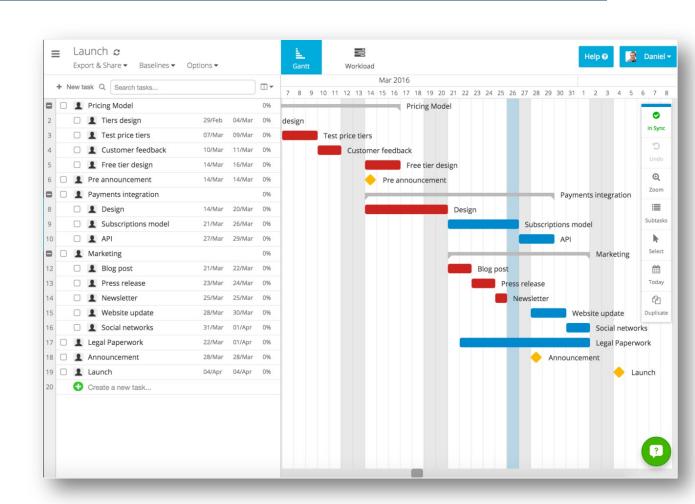
Drawbacks



- Distributed time zones
- Slower communication
- Increased miscommunication
- Less visibility for monitoring progress
- Harder to build trust and rapport



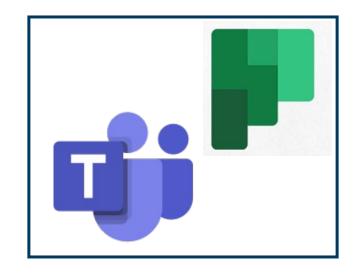
Use collaborative technology accessible to everyone on the team





PM Technology















PM Technology







Shared files with protections as needed





















Communicate assignments

face-to-face and document

commitments





Leverage real-time chat tools for quick, one-off questions, reminders, and follow up **AFTER** face-to-face communication









Schedule team meetings respectfully

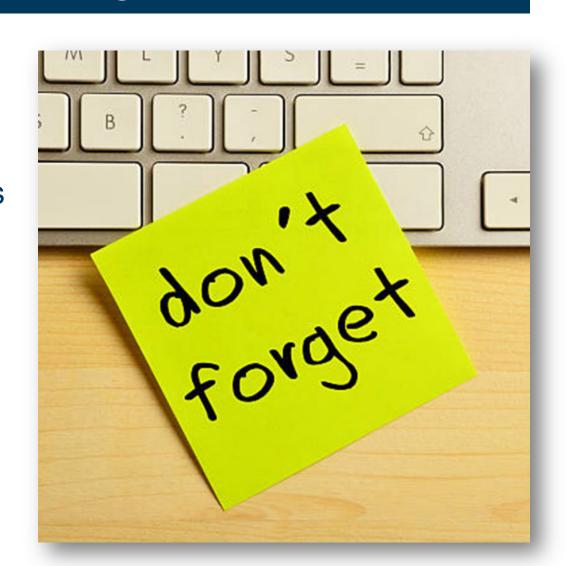
Try to avoid inconveniencing one group or person consistently





Provide **ample reminders** for due dates

Do not rely solely on email













Respond quickly to team questions and concerns

Do not be a bottleneck





Schedule regular meetings
with project owners to
continuously manage
expectations

And/or provide regular email status reports

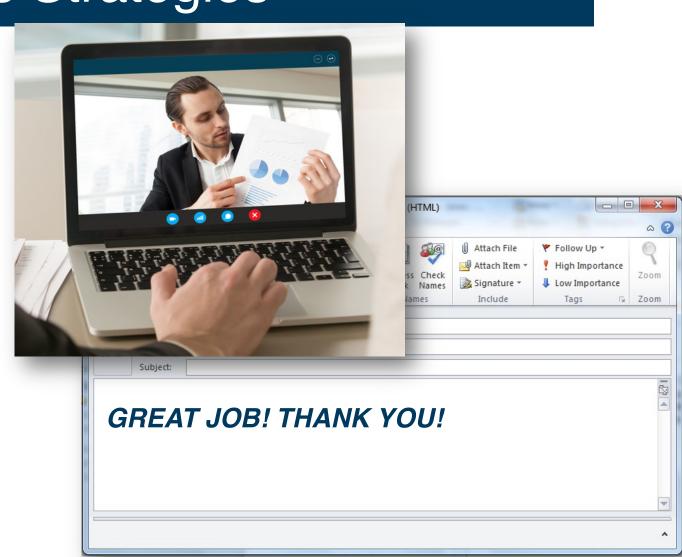




Give visibility to team members

(and yourself) with public

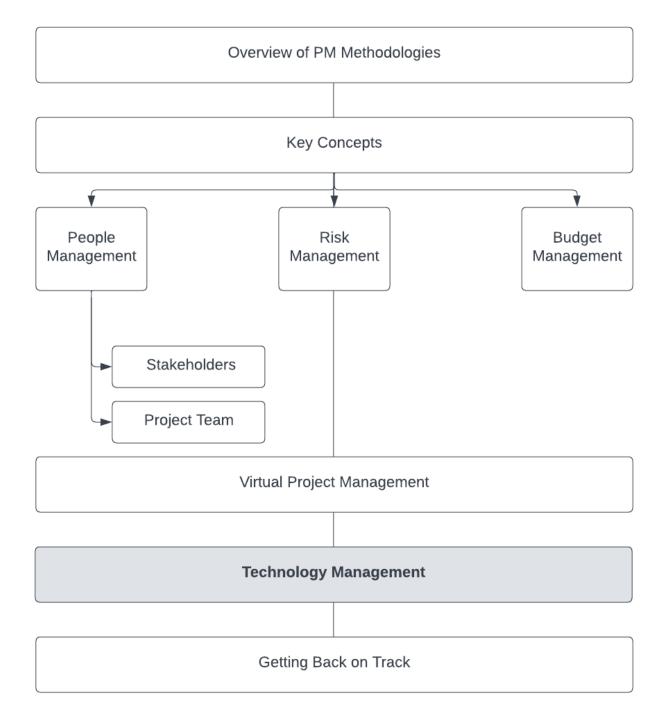
acknowledgement of achievement





Actively seek **results** once the project is complete

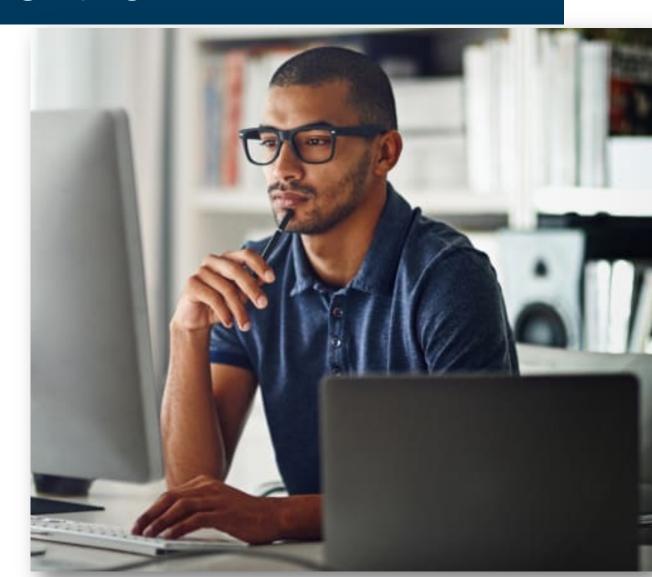






The Role of the PM

- Use consistently and keep up-todate
- Create standardized procedures
- Monitor, maintain, and continuously train





Advanced Features

Automations	Integrations	Categorization	Workflows & Templates	Dashboards



Automations Example



Automate your PM technology to send reminders to responsible individuals at various intervals based on task due dates.



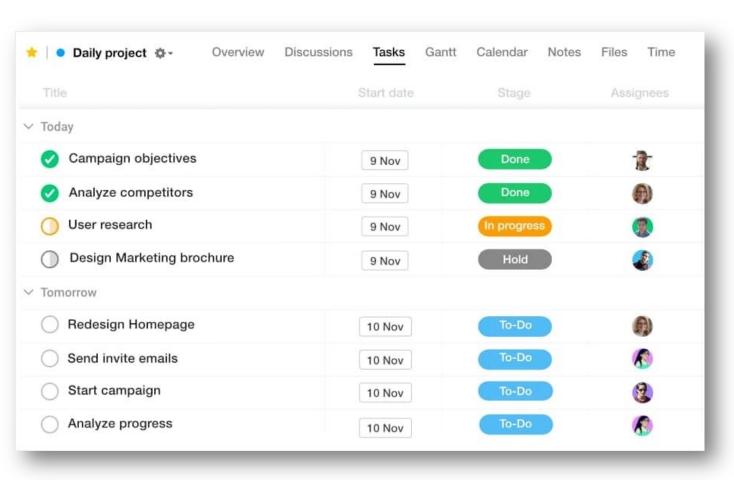
Integrations Example



Connect your PM technology to your calendar so you can see task due dates; Connect your PM tech to your inbox so you can attach email communication to specific projects/tasks.



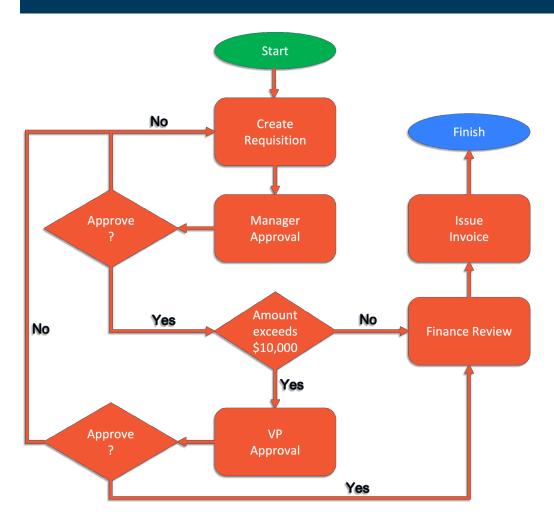
Categorization Example



Categorize research tasks with the same tag; Categorize tech projects into one group, etc.



Workflows & Templates Example



Create a template for meeting planning projects which include all the steps/tasks involved.



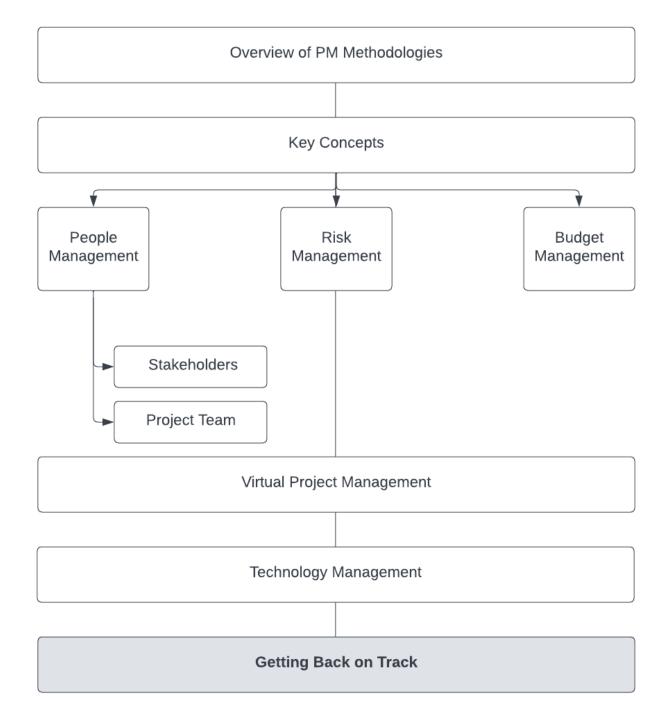
Dashboards Example



Create a single page that shows open tasks, tasks completed, hours used on the project so far, tasks assigned to various team members, etc.











Prevention

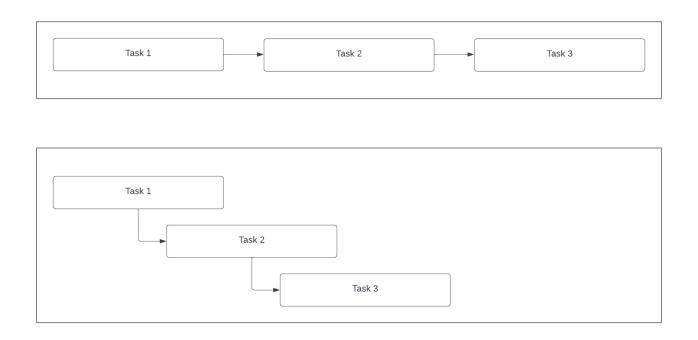




Fast Tracking

Schedule compression technique where activities that would normally be done in a sequence are done in parallel for at least a portion of the project

- No impact to budget
- Increase in risk
- 33% complete rule

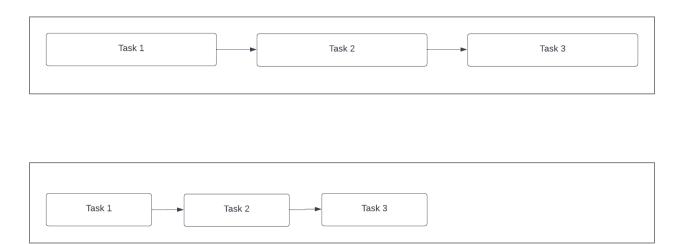




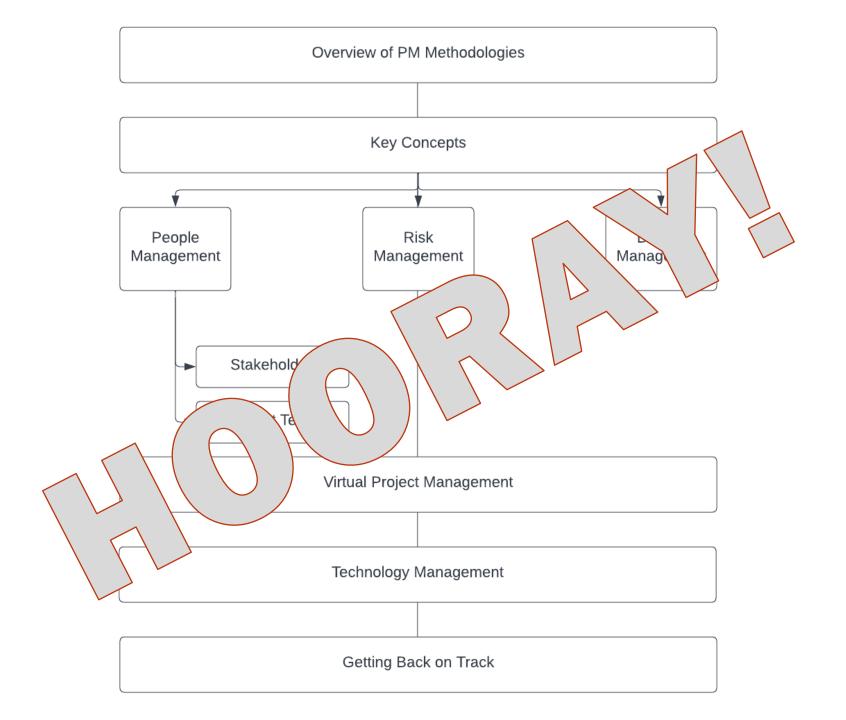
Crashing

Schedule compression technique where **resources** are added to shorten the duration of activities.

- Least additional cost activities
- Greater reduction at front-end
- Cost may increase









What's Next?



- Celebrate a successful Learning Lab!
- Get involved in more advanced project work
- Continue to learn from others
- Consider continuing your formal training
- Put these strategies into practice



What's Next?

Future Learning Labs

Alumni Discount Code

Will be available in the course area, along with all post-event materials and replays by TUESDAY of next week

2023 Labs Available Now!

- Task & Time Management
- Change Management
- Problem Solving & Decision Making
- Process Improvement

